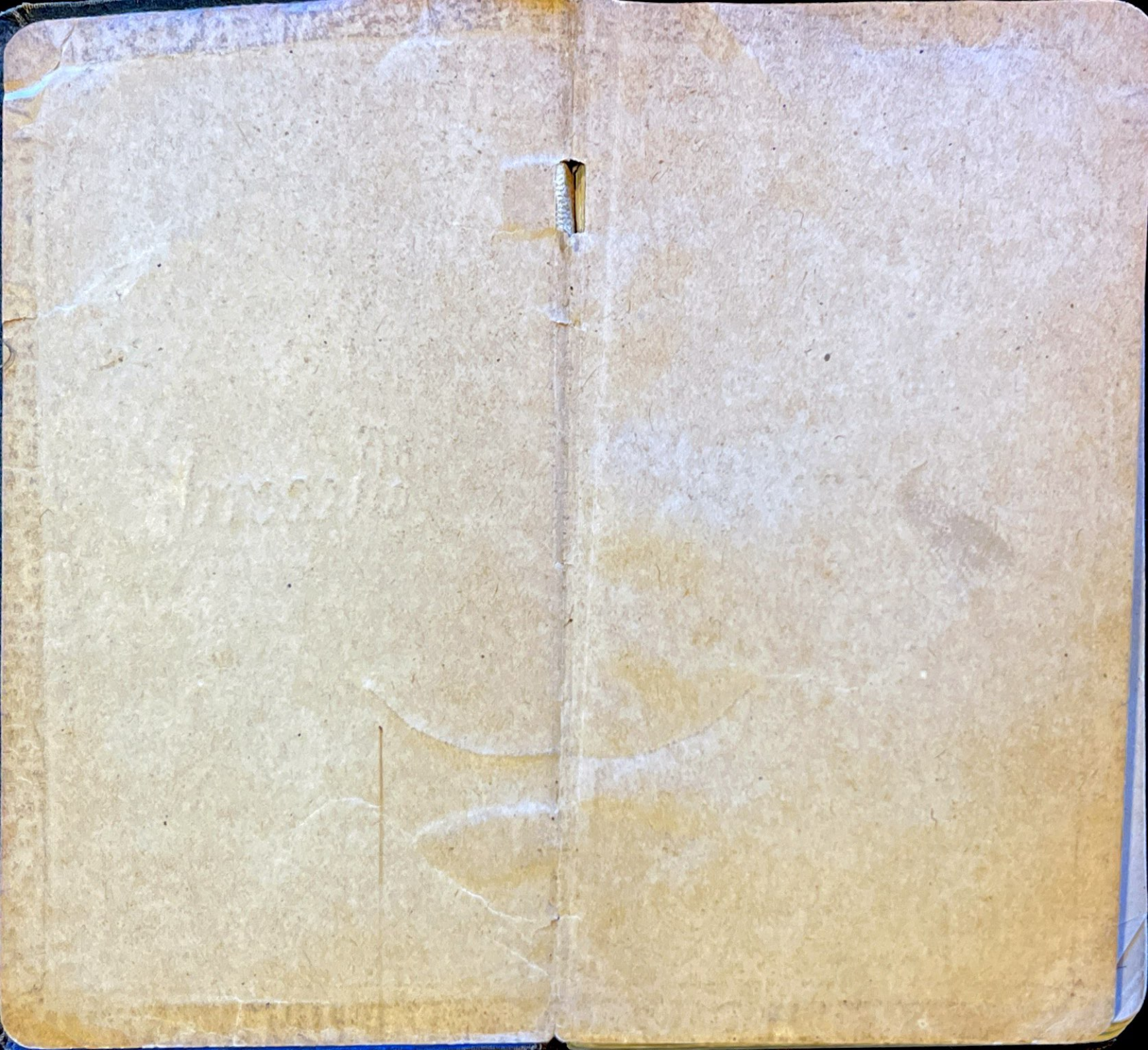


Record



Family Limitation

by

Margaret H. Tanager.

Introduction.

There is no need for any one to explain to the working men and women in America what this pamphlet is written for or why it is necessary that they should have this information.

They know better than I could tell them, so I shall not try.

I have tried to give the knowledge of the best French and Dutch physicians translated into the simplest English, that all may easily understand.

There are various and numerous mechanical means of prevention which I find a preventive to keep the woman from becoming pregnant. Of course it is troublesome

To get up to douche it is also a nuisance to have to trouble about the date of the menstrual period. It seems inartistic and sordid to insert a pessary or a suppository in anticipation of the sexual act.

But it is far more sordid to find yourself several years later burdened down with half a dozen unwished for children helpless, starved, shoddily clothed, dragging at your skirt, yourself a dragged out shadow of the woman you once were.

Don't be over sentimental in this important phase of hygiene. The inevitable fact is that unless you prevent the

male sperm from entering the womb, you are going to become pregnant.

Women of the working class especially wage earners, should not have more than two children at most.

The average working man can support no more in decent fashion. It has been my experience that more children are not really wanted, but that the women are compelled to have them either from lack of foresight or through ignorance of the hygiene of preventing conception. It is only the workers who are ignorant of the knowledge of how to prevent bringing children in the world to fill jails and hospitals, factories and mills

insane asylums, and premature graves, and who supply the millions of soldiers and sailors to fight battles for financiers and the ruling classes.

The working class can use direct action by refusing to supply the market with children to be exploited by refusing to populate the earth with slaves.

It is also the one most direct method for you working women to help yourselves to-day.

Pass on this information to your neighbor and comrade workers. Write out any

of the following information which you are sure will help her, and pass it where it is needed. Spread this important knowledge.

A Nurse's Advice to Women.

Every woman who is desirous of preventing conception will follow this advice.

Don't wait to see if you do not menstruate (monthly sickness) but make it your duty to see that you do.

If you are due to be "shock" on the 8th of August do not wait until the 8th to see, but begin as early as the 4th to take a good laxative for the bowels and continue this each night until the 8th.

If there is the slightest possibility that conception may have taken place, take on these same nights before retiring five or ten grains of quinine with a hot drink. The quinine in capsule form is considered fresher but if this is taken do not use alcoholic drinks directly.

after, as it hardens the capsules, thus delaying the action of the quinine.

By taking the above precautions you will prevent the poison from making its nest in the lining of the womb.

Women of intelligence who refuse to have children until they are ready for them keep definite track of their menstrual periods. A calendar should be kept, on which can be marked the date of the last menstrual period, as well as the date when the next period should occur.

Women must learn to know their own bodies, and watch and know definitely how regular or irregular they are; if the period comes regularly every 28 days (normal) or every 30 days as in the case of many young girls. Mark it accordingly on your private calendar, do not leave it to memory or guess work.

Only ignorance and indifference will cause one to be careless in this most important matter.

A very good laxative (though it is a patent medicine) is Beecham's Pills. Two of these taken night and

morning four days before menstruation will give a good cleansing of the bowels and assist with the menstrual flow.

The american physicians may object to this advice because Beechams Pills are a patent medicine. But until they are willing to give open advice on this subject we must resort to such as the least harmful until such a time as they do.

If a woman will give herself attention Before the menstrual period she will almost never have any trouble, but if

she neglects herself and waits to see if she "comes around" she is likely to have difficulty.

It takes quinine from 4 to 6 days to bring about the desired results, and if one finds a longer time has elapsed and the flow is not brought on, then the only remedy is an abortion. When once she has been convinced that an abortion is necessary, do not indulge in medicines of any kind. They only weaken the system and require a much greater length of time to recuperate.

~~Now~~ Never allow a pregnancy to run over a month.

If you are going to have an abortion, make up your mind to do it in the first stages, and have it done.

On the other hand, there is often a feeling of the strongest desire to continue with the pregnancy. It is for each woman to decide this for herself, but act at once whichever way you decide.

There is current among people an idea that conception can take place only at certain times of the month. For instance; ten days after

the menstrual periods
 and ten or fourteen
 days before the next
 period. This is not
 to be relied upon
 at all, for it has
 been proven again
 and again that a
 woman can conceive
 at any time in the
 month. Do not depend
 upon this belief, for
 there is no reliable
 foundation for it.
 There is also the
 knowledge that nursing
 after childbirth prevents
 the return of the
 menstrual flow for
 several months and
 conception does not
 take place. It will
 not do to depend upon
 this too much, especially

after the fifth or sixth month, for often a woman becomes pregnant without having "seen anything" or without her realizing that she has become pregnant. She thus finds herself with one at the breast and another in the womb. Use some preventive.

Again, it is believed that conception cannot take place if the woman lies upon her left side at the time of the act. It makes no difference which side she lies upon; she can become pregnant if the semen is not prevented from entering the womb.

Perhaps the commonest preventive excepting the use of the condom is "coitus interruptus" or withdrawal of the penis from the vagina shortly before the ejaculation of the semen. No one can doubt that this is a perfectly safe method and it is not considered so dangerous to the man as some authorities have formerly viewed it, but it requires a man of the strongest will-power to be certain that he has withdrawn before any of the semen has been deposited in the vagina.

It is very difficult to determine exactly whether this has been done. The greatest objection to this is the evil effect upon the woman's nervous condition. She has not completed her desire, she is under a highly nervous tension her whole being is perhaps on the verge of satisfaction. She is then left in this dissatisfied state, which is far from human. This does her injury. A natural and satisfied sexual act is of great benefit to the average woman, the magnification of it is health giving and acts as a beautifier.

and tonic. When it is not desired on the part of the woman and she has no response, it should not take place. This is an act of prostitution and it is degrading to the woman's finer sensibility, all the marriage certificates on earth to the contrary notwithstanding.

When a woman desires the sexual act and is completely satisfied, her whole being is built up and beautified through it, her form develops, her eyes become brighter, her health improves, color comes into her cheeks. All life is changed for her, and

would continue thus if it were not for the fact that she allows intercourse when she has no natural desire for it, and then allowing it, she is without means for prevention of conception and is so throughout the act ~~conscious~~ conscious and fearful of its consequences. Withdrawal on the part of the man should be substituted by some other means that does not injure the woman.

Douches & Their Importance.

The most important part which every woman

should learn in the methods of preventing conception, is to cleanse herself thoroughly by means of the vaginal douche.

After the sexual act go as quickly as possible to the bath-room and prepare a douche. Lie down upon the back in the bath-tub. Hang the filled douche bag high over the tub, and let the water flow freely into the vagina to wash out the male ~~sperm~~ sperm which was deposited during the act.

Do not be afraid to assist the cleansing by introducing the

first finger with the tube and washing out the semen from the folds of the membrane. One can soon learn to tell by the feeling when it is sufficiently clean. It is said that the French women are the most thorough douchers in the world which helps greatly in keeping the organs in a clean and healthy condition, as well as preventing the male sperm from reaching the womb to mate with the ovum.

Following are some of the solutions to be used for the douche which when

carefully used will kill the male sperm or prevent its entering the womb.

I Lysol - is a brown oily liquid which added to water forms a clear soapy solution. One teaspoonful of lysol to 2 quarts of water (warm) makes a good solution for douching. Mix into a pitcher or vessel before placing in the bag.

II Dichloride - Get the tablets blue or white from the druggist. The blue are less dangerous to have about because of the color. Always

mix this solution thoroughly in a glass or pitcher before turning it into the bag. ~~One tablet~~ Never drop the tablet directly into the bag. One tablet to two quarts of water makes a splendid solution for preventive purposes.

III

Potassium permanganate. This also makes a good solution, especially where there is vaginal discharge. The special objection to this is that it stains the skin and clothing. This can be purchased in crystal form, and ^{one} teaspoonful dissolved in two quarts of water is the proper strength.

IV Carbolic acid solution is also used but it is difficult to obtain. This without a physicians prescription. It is no better than others herein mentioned not so difficult to obtain.

V Chinosol is highly recommended as a vaginal douche as being less injurious to the membrane than bichloride. It can be obtained from The Paruelle Pharmacal Co; 54 South St. N.Y.

VI Vinegar Solution.
~~Many~~ Many peasants in Europe use vinegar as an antiseptic almost exclusively. One glassful to two quarts

of water is the strength usually desired. Cider vinegar is preferred. Douche afterward with clear water

II Salt solution; Mix four table-spoonful of table salt in two quarts of warm or cold water and dissolve thoroughly.

III Cold water douche. This will sometimes remove the semen quite effectively without the aid of an antiseptic. But as the semen can hide itself away in the wrinkled lining of the vaginal cavity the cold

water will only impede its progress for a time. As soon as the warmth of the body revives its activity, the semen continues on its journey to meet the ovum.

Every woman should possess a good two-quart rubber douche bag called fountain syringe. Hang it high enough to insure a steady direct flow.

Some women use the douche before the sexual act as a preventive.

Any astringent such as boric acid, alum, citric acid, hydrochlorate of quinine used in

solution. Only a pint of the solution is needed for this purpose, following the act a larger quantity is used as a cleanser. This can also be followed with the regular antiseptic douche.

The Use of the Condom or Cots.

There is little doubt that a thorough douching of the genital passage with an antiseptic solution performed by skilled hands immediately after the sexual act would destroy the male sperm and nothing else would

be necessary. But there is always the possibility that the sperm has entered the womb before the solution can reach it.

It is safer therefore to prevent the possibility of the contact of the semen with the ovum, by the interposition of a wall between them. One of the best is the condom or the rubber cot.

These are made of soft tissues which envelope the male organ (penis) completely and serve to catch the semen at the time of the act. In this way the sperm does not

enter the vagina.

The condoms are obtainable at all drug stores at various prices. From two dollars a dozen for the skin gut tissues to one fifty a dozen for the rubber tissue. These are seamless thin elastic and yet though if properly adjusted will not break. Fear of breaking is the main objection to their use. If space has not been allowed for expansion of the penis at the time the semen is expelled the ~~to~~ tissue is likely to split and the sperm find its way in the uterus.

The woman becomes pregnant without being conscious of it. ~~If~~ on the other hand, care is given to the adjustment of the condom not fitting it too close it will act as one of the best protectors against both conception and venereal diseases. Care must be exercised in withdrawing the penis after the act, not to allow the condom to peel off, thereby allowing the semen to pass into the vagina. It is desirable to discard the condom after it has been used once. But as this is

not always done, care must be taken to wash the condom in an antiseptic solution before drying it and placing it away for further use.

The condom is one of the most commonly known preventives in the U.S. It has another value quite apart from prevention, in decreasing the tendency in the male to arrive at the climax in the sexual act before the female.

There are few men and women so perfectly mated that the climax of the act is reached together. It is usual for the male to arrive at

This stage earlier than the female, with the consequence that he is further incapacitated to satisfy her desire for some time to come. During this time the woman is in a highly nervous condition but it is the opinion of the best medical authorities that a continuous condition of this unsatisfied state brings on or causes disease of her generative organs, besides giving her a perfect horror and repulsion for the sexual act.

Thousands of well meaning men ask the advice of physicians as to the cause of the sexual coldness and

indifference in their wives. Nine times out of ten it is the fault of the man, who through ignorance and selfishness and inconsiderateness, has satisfied his own desire and promptly gone off to sleep. The woman in self-defense has learned to protect herself from the long hours of sleepless nights and nervous tension by refusing to become interested.

The condome will often help in this difficulty.

There are many girls who have had no education on this subject, no idea of the physiology of this act, who upon any contact of the semen have

a disgust and repulsion from which it takes time to recover. Much ~~too~~ depends upon the education of the girl but more depends ~~of~~ upon the attitude of the man toward the relation.

The Pessary and The Sponge.

Another form of prevention is the pessary. This is one of the most common preventive articles used in France as well as among the women of the middle class in America. At one time the cost of these ranged up to seven dollars as they were imported

into this country from France. So-day they are manufactured in this country, and may be had from fifty cents to two dollars. The "Mizpah" is the name of one of the best and costs one dollar and a half at the reliable drug store.

They come in three sizes - large, medium and small. It is well to get the medium size, as the small ones are only for very small boned women and easily get out of place.

In my estimation this pessary is the surest method of preventing conception I have known hundreds

of women who have used
 it for years with the
 most satisfactory results.
 The trouble is women
 are afraid of their own
 bodies, and ~~are~~ of course
 ignorant of their
 physical construction.
 They are silly in
 thinking the pessary
 can go up too far,
 or that it could
 get lost, and therefore
 discard it. It cannot
 get into the womb
 neither can it get lost.
 The only thing it can
 do is come out. And
 even that will give
 warning by the discom-
 fort or the bulky feeling
 it causes, when it is
 out of place.
 Follow the directions

given with each box, and learn to adjust it correctly, one can soon feel that it is on right. After the pessary has been placed into the vagina deeply, it can be fitted well over the neck of the wound. If it is properly adjusted there will be no discomfort. The man will be unconscious that anything is used and no germ or semen can enter the wound.

If the woman should fall asleep directly after no harm can happen, and it is not necessary to take a douche until the following morning. Take part or about quart of an

antiseptic douche before the pessary is removed, after removing it continue the douche and cleanse thoroughly.

Wash the pessary in clean cold water, dry well and place away in the box. One should last two years if cared for.

I recommend the use of the pessary as the most convenient, the cheapest and the safest. Any nurse or doctor will teach, one how to adjust it; then women can teach each other.

It is not advisable to wear the pessary all the time. Take it out after using, and

wear it only when needed.
A little experience will
teach one that to place
it is a simple matter.

Sponges.

Sponges can also be
had at the drug store.
They have a tape
attached to them to
be conveniently removed.
They should be soaked
in an antiseptic solu-
tion a few minutes
before counters and
introduced into the
vagina as far up as
they can be placed.
Some physicians have
recommended the use
of the cotton plug,
instead of the sponge
to be soaked in a

solution of three per cent carbolic acid glycerine, before the act. The male sperm is destroyed by the weakest solution of carbolic acid. Some of the peasants in Europe use the cotton plug soaked in vinegar, for the same purpose, and find it satisfactory. In this country a boric acid solution has been used for the same purpose and with satisfactory results. Of course this requires a saturated solution as for instance one teaspoonful of the powder to a cup of water stirred until dissolved.

Sponges and plugs

can be recommended as perfectly safe, if followed by an antiseptic douche before the removal of the plug or sponge, thus preventing the sperm from entering the womb. The problem is: to kill the male sperm upon entering the vagina, or to wash it out or to kill it directly afterwards. A weak solution of alum may also be used for cotton plugs or sponges.

Vaginal Suppositories

These may be found at any reliable pharmacy. The majority of them are made from cocoa-butter

or gelatine, which makes it necessary that they be deposited into the vagina several minutes before the act, in order for them to melt.

Special ingredients negate the effect of the male seed.

Any reliable druggist will make these up for you

{ Boric Acid 1 dram
Salicylic Acid 10 grains
Quinine Bisulph. 2 drams
Chondrus jelly (KX) 2 oz.
Dispense in a collapsible tube.

Among other suppositories are the following.

{ Boric acid 0.6 grams

~~Salicyl~~

Salicylic Acid 0.12 grams
Quinine Bisulphate 0.2 grams
Chinosol 0.12 grams
Glycerine gelatine 6.0 grams

Allow twenty minutes for melting

Another form of suppository which was recommended by a physician who charged a fee of \$10.00 for the prescription is the following

Boric Acid 10 grains
Cocoa Butter 70 grains

Another suppository which is the same as the well known Aseptikon is the following:

Salicylic Acid 2 grains
Boric Acid 10 grains
Quinine purul (alkal) 10 grains

✓ { Chinol 2 grains
Cocoa butter 90 grains
M. f. suppos. glob. No 1
Introduce into the
vagina 3 minutes
before the act.

Practically all
vaginal suppositories
act as preventives but
the most commonly
used ~~is~~ is the

Aseptikon. manufac-
tured by the Chinol Co.
They are to be secured
at any reliable druggist
upon demand. They
should be kept in a
cool place. They are
not poisonous and
cause no injury to the
membrane. They are
distributed 10 to a
box costing 85 cents.
The prescriptions quoted

above can be made up more cheaply however

It is interesting to note that in the rural districts of France the peasant women make up their own preventive suppositories themselves, placing them carefully away in glass jars. This is one of the recipes which has been used

{	Gelatine	1 part
	Water	2 parts
	Glycerine	5 parts
	Bichloride of Quinine	$\frac{1}{2}$ part

Makes this into a paste. Allow to spread out and ~~set~~ solidify. Then cut into pieces of two grammes each

wrap separately and put in a cool place (air-tight).

In some countries preventive pastilles are used commonly. A type is composed of boric acid and metaborate of soda compressed into pastilles. Inserted into the vagina a few minutes before (~~coitus~~) coitus (the sexual act) the pastille melts into the secretions and forms an antiseptic preventive. Personal advice on the use of these is necessary before beginning to use them.

Salicylic Acid	2 gr.
Boric Acid	10 gr.
Quinine Bisulf	5 gr.
Chinosol	2 gr.

Make it up as a
suppository in cocoa butter

198

199

675

313

1105

